

# **Uncertainty Frames in Water Policy Debates**



Dave White and V. Kelly Turner, Decision Center for a Desert City, Arizona State University

## How is uncertainty framed and deployed in water policy discourse?

- Environmental, technological, and sociopolitical uncertainties that arise from a lack of knowledge, inherent system complexity and variability, and validity ambiguities.
- Framing of uncertainty shapes diagnoses of water resource problems and limits solutions.
- Interest in the water management community in overcoming these discursive and management limitations through social learning.

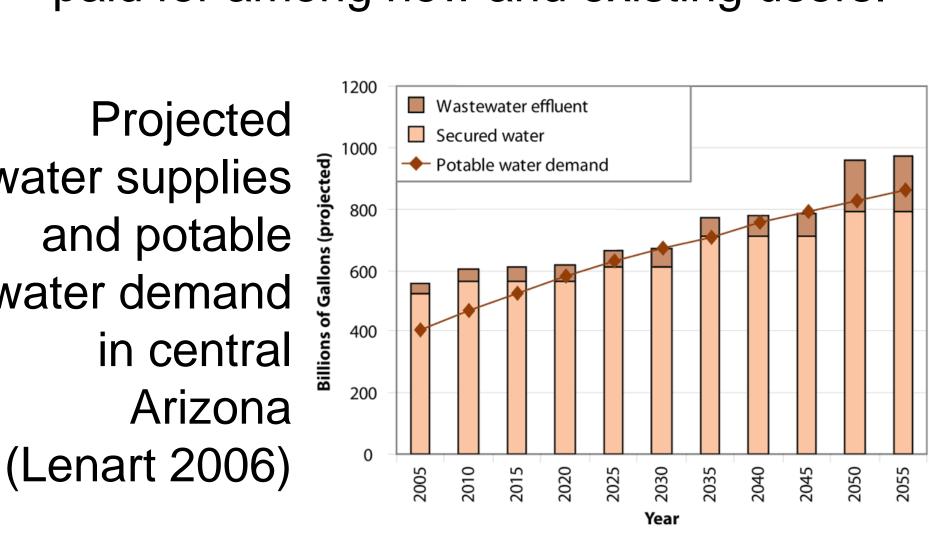
#### Water Supply Deliberation

ACQUISTION, DEVELOPMENT & DELIVERY OF NEW WATER SUPPLIES PROJECT ADD WATER

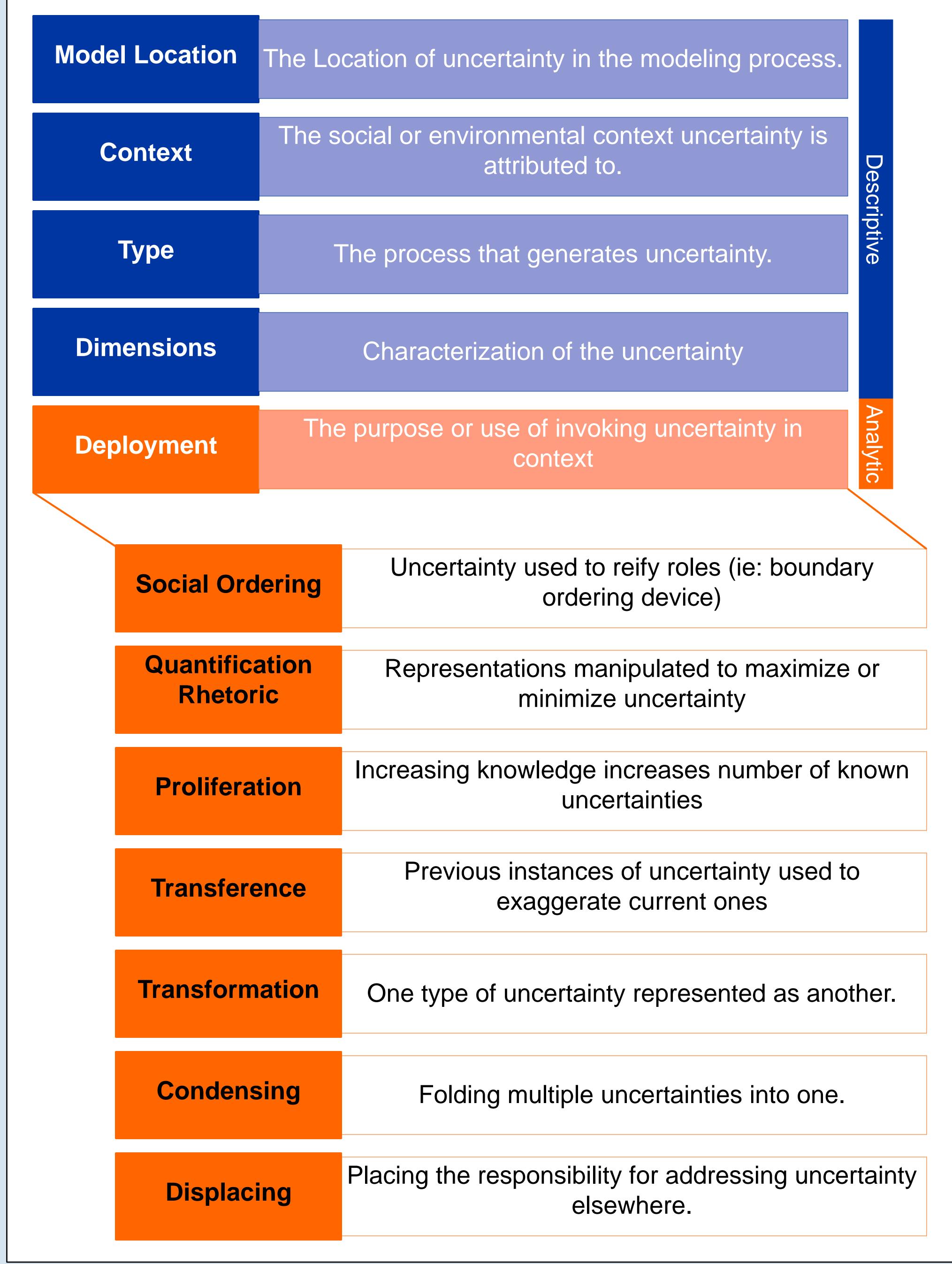


Long-term demand for Colorado River water, delivered to Arizona through the Central Arizona Project (CAP), is projected to exceed existing supplies. During Project ADD Water stakeholders deliberated how new water supplies would be shared and paid for among new and existing users.

Projected water supplies and potable water demand in central Arizona



#### Developing a Comprehensive Codebook



#### **Identifying Frames**

Context → Economic

I understand the need for certainty. I understand the anxiety with the current system, you don't really know long-term what the cost of water is going to be.

Types → Justification Inaction

That said...what doesn't work is shifting to a phased approach...and that's basically the staff proposal.

Stakeholder Type → Developer

### The Role of Uncertainty in Water-Climate Adaptation Policy

- What are the uncertainty frames used by stakeholders during the project ADD Water dialogues?
- How do stakeholder groups differ in the use of uncertainty frames?
- How are uncertainty frames used to support or oppose policy proposals?
- How can understanding framing processes improve dialogue about uncertainty?

Aknowledgments: This material is based upon work supported by the National Science Foundation under Grant No. SES-0951366 Decision Center for a Desert City II: Urban Climate Adaptation (DCDC). Any opinions, findings and conclusions or recommendation expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation (NSF).

Lenart, M. 2006. Population growth, warming, and water supply. CLIMAS: Climate Assessment for the Southwest. | <http://www.climas.arizona.edu/feature-articles/september-2006-</p>